



# Rogue River Courier

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## TROTSKY AND LENINE ARE IN GERMAN PAY

**BOLSHEVIKI LEADERS PAID BIG SUMS OF MONEY BY GERMANY TO CAUSE REVOLUTION**

## RUSSIA IS SOLD OUT TO BOCHE

**Fifty Million Rubles of Gold Go to Red Guards and Agitators—Would Crumble United States**

Washington, Sept. 16.—Proofs removing any doubts that Lenin and Trotsky, the Bolshevik leaders, are paid German agents—if indeed any doubts remain—are laid before the world today by the United States government in the first installment of an amazing series of official documents disclosed through the committee of public information.

Secured in Russia by American agents, these documents not only show how the German government through its imperial bank paid its gold to Lenin, Trotsky and their immediate associates to betray Russia into deserting her allies, but give added proofs, if any be necessary, that Germany had perfected her plans for a war of world conquest long before the assassinations at Sarajev, which as the world is now convinced conveniently furnished her pretext. These documents further show that before the world war was four months old, and more than two years before the United States was drawn into it, Germany already was setting afoot her plans to "mobilize destructive agents and observers" to cause explosions, strikes and outrages in this country and planned the employment of "anarchists and escaped criminals" for the purpose.

One of the Reichsbank memoranda, dated last January, announced to the commissar of foreign affairs (Lenine) that 50,000,000 rubles of gold has been placed to the credit at Stockholm if representatives of the commissars to cover the cost of Red Guards and agitators. Another of a few days later tells of a credit of 5,000,000 rubles for the assistant naval commissar in the Far East, who is entrusted with the task of carrying off or destroying the great American and Japanese stores of war material at Vladivostok—a scheme that probably was well under way when the landing of American and allied forces at Vladivostok ended the sway of the Bolsheviks there.

## LAND 46,000 U. S. TROOPS IN ONE DAY

Washington, Sept. 16.—General March read a cablegram from a debarkation port in France showing 35,000 men had landed in one morning and that 11,000 more would be put ashore the same day. Fifteen ships had entered the port on the same morning of which 12 were to be unloaded and ready to return within 24 hours.

General March said that ships now were being unloaded and started on their return trip in less than one day as a usual thing.

## HUNDREDS OF STRIKERS RETURN TO FACTORIES

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 16.—Hundreds of strikers at the munitions factories have returned to work. At a mass meeting this afternoon it is expected that the leaders will declare the strike ended, thus recognizing President Wilson's demand that they return to work.

## WAR BREAKS OUT ON NEW FRONT

**Serbian Army, Badly Shattered by Mackensen, Re-organized and is Again in the Fighting**

Washington, Sept. 16.—A Saloniki communication announces the launching of an offensive against the Bulgarians on the Saloniki front by the re-organized Serbian army, co-operating with the French. Three strongly fortified Bulgarian positions were captured.

Almost three years ago General von Mackensen, one of Germany's best generals, made his devastating march through Serbia, and shattered the Serb army. They were driven across the channel of Corfu to the Greek island of Corfu, where they have been re-organized by French assistance. Later, Mackensen made his famous offensive against Rumania, in which he killed many of the Rumanians and captured millions of dollars worth of grain.

The Serbians have lately been taken across northern Greece to Saloniki, where they are again in battle with the central powers.

## BOLSHEVIKI SEEK A NEW ALLIANCE

Amsterdam, Sept. 16.—Hints that the Bolshevik government may seek alliances with other powers, even with imperialists, is contained in a note from Lenin to the Peoples' Commissaries and the Soviets. The note says that the Czecho-Slovak movement is becoming more dangerous daily. The only escape is to conclude an alliance with another power.

## REGISTRATION SHOWS OVER 13,000,000 MEN

Washington, Sept. 16.—Returns from the registration Thursday indicate that the total will be 101 per cent of the estimated 13,000,000.

## TWO OREGON BOYS ARE IN THE CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Can., Sept. 16.—The overseas casualty list says that H. Driscoll, of Roseburg, Ore., died of wounds, and that J. H. Lee, of Portland, was wounded.

## 914 JOSEPHINE MEN REGISTER FOR SERVICE

C. A. Slider, clerk of the local board, reports that 914 men registered on September 13 in Josephine county for military service. A number of these registrations were received by mail and more are expected at the office of the local board. Following is the county registration by precincts:

Slake Creek	45
Waldo	53
Selma	52
Merlin	25
Wolf Creek	28
Ferry	14
Kerby	30
Galle	10
Williams	33
Althouse	49
Lucky Queen	30
Placer	7
Leland	19
Murphy	32
Grants Pass	487
Total	914

## ALLIED TROOPS ACTIVE ON MACEDONIAN FRONT

**Take Three Hill Positions and Hundreds of Prisoners—British and French Are After Cambrai—Germans Making Heavy Sacrifices to Stop Manin**

Paris, Sept. 16.—The allied troops are on the offensive on the Macedonian front and are attacking the Bulgarians in the mountains and on the Serbo-Greek border east of Monastir. They have taken three hill positions, Sokol, Dobropoll and Teak Vetrinik, midway between the Cerna and Vardar rivers. Several hundred prisoners have been taken. Meantime the British and French continue to advance in Picardy.

North of the Aisne the French took Vally and near Chemin-Des-Dames stormed Mont Des Singes.

Astride the Scarpe river the British have pushed forward to new posts. They took Maissemy, west of Cambrai.

With the American Army in Lorraine, Sept. 16.—The activity of the

## PERSHING HONORED WITH 1,000 POUND BIRTHDAY CAKE

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 16.—Omaha celebrated the birthday of General J. J. Pershing with a big parade and unique birthday cake ceremonies.

The parade was composed of all of the troops stationed at Fort Omaha followed by the Red Cross workers, Red Cross canteen workers, Salvation Army workers, war service societies and cadets from the different schools.

The cake, which weighed 1,000 pounds, was cut into small pieces and sold for the benefit of the Salvation Army fund. Thirteen hundred dollars was the amount resulting from this sale.

## AUSTRIANS SHOOT 700 ITALIANS EN MASSE

(By Col. Pio, of the Italian Army)

Austrian hatred of Italians was never shown more strikingly than on Mount Cimone two years ago, when 700 of our men were shot to death after they had laid down their arms and surrendered. They gave up after being surrounded on the brink of a precipice. They were exterminated by rapid fire guns and when the fire ceased those who were found still alive but wounded were thrown into a deep ravine.

This massacre was perpetrated by the fifth battalion of the 14th infantry regiment. Captain Puteany, who gave the order, was decorated. In December, 1915, many soldiers of the Second Bosnian regiment were seen wearing the ears of wounded or dead Italians pinned to their breasts. They often shot down our disarmed prisoners. All these things are abundantly attested by evidence in the hands of the Italian general staff.

## NEGRO REGISTRANTS CALLED BY CROWDER

Washington, Sept. 16.—A draft call for 29,000 negro registrants from 33 states, qualified for general military service, has been issued by Provost Marshal-General Crowder.

German artillery increased somewhat during the forenoon. No infantry attacks were made, however.

London, Sept. 16.—The British advanced last night north of the Arras-Cambrai road, establishing posts in the vicinity of Sauchy-Cauchy and Oppy, on the Flanders front. The British also pushed ahead on both sides of the Ypres-Commines canal, on a front of over two miles.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 16.—The heavy sacrifices the Germans are making to stop the slow but steady advance of General Mangin's forces toward Chemin-Des-Dames is evidenced by the large number of enemy dead found on the field of Saturday's and Sunday's operations.

## FIRE DESTROYS HOGUE STORE AT TAKILMA

The Frank Hogue grocery store and pool hall at Takilma was destroyed Sunday morning by fire. There was a Red Cross dance at Takilma Saturday night, and a number of the people were up until a late hour. It was about 2 o'clock in the morning when Mr. Hogue entered his store, it is reported, and, taking a lamp in his hand, was reaching up on a shelf for an article for a customer when the shelf gave way. The lamp crashed to the floor and the building was soon a mass of flames. A crowd assembled quickly, but as water had to be drawn from a well to quench the blaze their efforts were in vain.

Had it not been for the fact that the rain had soaked the roofs of nearby buildings, possibly the whole town would have been burned. The store building and contents were a total loss, but \$1,300 insurance was carried, through an agency represented by L. A. Launer of this city. Mr. Hogue states that he had \$335 in currency in a wooden till and this was lost, making his total loss about \$3,000.

## SHIP TORPEDOED AND 189 REPORTED LOST

London, Sept. 16.—The British steamer Galway Castle, of 7,988 tons gross, was torpedoed and sunk Saturday. She had 960 persons on board, of whom 189 are reported missing.

The missing include 120 passengers, 38 naval and military officers and men and 33 of the crew. Ninety third-class passengers lost were, without exception, women and children.

The liner floated for two days in charge of the captain and volunteers. The Galway Castle left port for South Africa on Tuesday last, and was torpedoed on Thursday in a stormy sea.

Hundreds of the passengers were rescued by attending steamers.

## 2 KILLED WHEN PLANE FALLS AT BROOKLYN

New York, Sept. 16.—Lieutenant Charles Kinney Jr., of Covington, Kentucky, and E. H. Austin of Boston, were killed when an airplane fell in Brooklyn.

## PEACE PROPOSAL THOUGHT HUN RUSE

**Austria-Hungary Invites Belligerents to Peace Conference, By Order of Emperor Charles**

Amsterdam, Sept. 16.—The Cologne Volks Zeitung says the note in which Austria-Hungary invites the belligerents to a peace conference for the discussion of possibilities of peace was dispatched by Baron Burian, foreign minister, by order of Emperor Charles.

Washington, Sept. 16.—The official text of the Austrian peace proposal is awaited, but it is believed to be a German ruse to obtain the best terms possible before an allied victory could impose more severe punishment.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Austria's peace discussion proposal reached the Swedish legation today. Secretary Lansing said that he would make a statement in regard to the matter as soon as he could read the note. This is expected to disclose the government's intention to vary promptly and flatly reject the Austrian proposition.

London, Sept. 16.—British Foreign Secretary Balfour said it is incredible that anything should come of the Austrian peace proposal. The proposal of Austria is not looked upon as genuine, but only a blind at obtaining peace in an attempt to divide the allies.

## U. S. CASUALTY LIST

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces for today:

Killed in action	4
Died of wounds	7
Died of disease	1
Died from accident	2
Wounded severely	90
Wounded, degree undetermined	90
Missing in action	65
Total	178

## Marine Corps

Killed in action	2
Wounded in action, severely	2
Wounded in action, degree undetermined	4
Missing in action	10
Total	18

Paris, Sept. 16.—Miss Elsie Gunther, chief of the female labor bureau of the American expeditionary forces, has gone to the United States to recruit 5,000 American college girls as clerks to release men for military service.

## FIRST SHERIFF'S JURY HELD IN FOUR YEARS

A sheriff's jury, the first one held for about four years, was seated before Sheriff Lewis Saturday afternoon. It was a case in which V. Van Allmen had a judgment against Wickham & Wickham, who levied on a Buick car. The car was about to go to sheriff's sale when a counter claim was filed by the Western Metal Mines company. The trial was to settle the question as to who owned the car, the jury returning a verdict that Wickham was the proprietor of the machine. Unless a replevin suit is started, the car will go at sheriff's sale this afternoon, and the money turned over to Van Allmen.

Some fun was had at Sheriff Lewis' expense when he was asked where he was going to hold the trial. He stated that he was going to occupy the circuit judge's bench, but finding that Judge Calkins kept his gavel under a strong lock and carried the key with him, he was not to be bluffed and said he would use his six-shooter for a gavel. He must have done so, for it was a very quiet trial.

## GERMAN GUNS SPEAK AS THE YANKS MOVE UP

**BEHELD THAT PERSHING HAS BEGUN TASK OF TAKING HUN POSITIONS**

## AMERICANS GET HUGE STORES

**Military Critics Expect Germans to Yield to Determination of Their Advancing Foe**

London, Sept. 16.—General Pershing's army is making fine progress. It has advanced from two to three miles on a 33-mile front and the fortress guns of Metz have come into action against it.

The enemy appears to be withdrawing to some further line which will protect the railway communications in the vicinity of Metz, which at present are under the long-range fire of the Americans.

American patrols are advancing at various points a couple of miles beyond the general advances.

The advance of the victorious First army continued but on a restricted front near the Moselle river.

There was little opposition on the whole.

A partial examination of the battlefield, the American commander added, shows that great quantities of ammunition, telegraph and railroad materials, rolling stock, clothing and equipment was abandoned by the enemy.

This was in addition to the large stores burned by the Germans during their hasty retreat. Notwithstanding the evidence that much time has been spent in improving the old Hindenburg line, it would not surprise military critics here if it were yielded without a big struggle, the Germans preferring to sacrifice even their old position to the obvious determination of the Americans to advance beyond the line.

## MOONEY CASE GOES TO SUPREME COURT

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—The petition of Thomas J. Mooney for permission to seek a writ of error from the United States supreme court was denied by the California supreme court. This is the last step he can take in the state courts. His attorneys state that a petition will be presented to the United States supreme court.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—A writ of error, allowing the case of Thos. J. Mooney, convicted of murder in connection with the preparedness day explosions here, to be taken to the United States supreme court for review, was sought in an application filed here in the California supreme court.

This was the final action to be taken in state courts, Attorney Maxwell McNutt, who filed the application, said. The application filed is based on the charge that Mooney was fraudulently convicted.

## PORTUGUESE STEAMER SUNK BY A TORPEDO

A Canadian Atlantic Port, Sept. 16.—The Portuguese steamship Leixoes was torpedoed in the north Atlantic five days ago. Sixteen of the crew have arrived here, but it is feared that five others have been lost.